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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.
10/645,874	08/20/2003	Kenneth F. Buechler	071949-7002 8658 EXAMINER	
30542 7	7590 06/21/2006			
FOLEY & LARDNER LLP			LUM, LEON YUN BON	
P.O. BOX 80278 SAN DIEGO, CA 92138-0278			ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER
5/11\ D1200,			1641	
			DATE MAILED: 06/21/2006	

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

	Application No.	Applicant/a	_
	Application No.	Applicant(s)	
Office Antique Comments	10/645,874	BUECHLER ET AL.	
Office Action Summary	Examiner	Art Unit	_
	Leon Y. Lum	1641	
The MAILING DATE of this communication app Period for Reply	pears on the cover sheet with the c	orrespondence address	
A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPL WHICHEVER IS LONGER, FROM THE MAILING D. - Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.1 after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. - If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period of Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statute Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailine earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).	ATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION 36(a). In no event, however, may a reply be tin will apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS from p, cause the application to become ABANDONE	N. nely filed the mailing date of this communication. D (35 U.S.C. § 133).	
Status		•	
1) Responsive to communication(s) filed on 24 A	pril 2006.		
,	s action is non-final.		
3) Since this application is in condition for allowa		secution as to the merits is	
closed in accordance with the practice under E		•	
Disposition of Claims	, , , ,		
4) Claim(s) 1-42 is/are pending in the application			
4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdra	•		
5) Claim(s) is/are allowed.			
6) Claim(s) is/are rejected.			
7) Claim(s) is/are objected to.		:	
8) Claim(s) 1-42 are subject to restriction and/or	election requirement.		
Application Papers		•	
9) The specification is objected to by the Examine	er		
10) The drawing(s) filed on is/are: a) acc		Examiner.	
Applicant may not request that any objection to the			
Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correct			
11) The oath or declaration is objected to by the Ex	xaminer. Note the attached Office	Action or form PTO-152.	
Priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119		•	
•		:	
12) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign	n priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(a))-(d) or (f).	
a) ☐ All b) ☐ Some * c) ☐ None of:			
1. Certified copies of the priority document		an Na	
2. Certified copies of the priority document	• •	•	
 Copies of the certified copies of the prio application from the International Burea 	•	ou in this National Stage	
* See the attached detailed Office action for a list	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	2d	
oss the attached detailed office deticit for a list	or the continue copies not receive	· ~·	
Attachment(s)			
Notice of References Cited (PTO-892)	4) Interview Summary	(PTO-413)	
2) D Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948)	Paper No(s)/Mail D	ate	
3) Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449 or PTO/SB/08) Paper No(s)/Mail Date	6) Other:	atent Application (PTO-152)	

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DETAILED ACTION

Election/Restrictions

- 1. Restriction to one of the following inventions is required under 35 U.S.C. 121:
 - I. Claims 1-28 and 35-42, drawn to a method for detecting the presence or amount of one or more biologically active natriuretic peptides, classified in class 436, subclass 501.
 - II. Claims 29-33, drawn to a method of inhibiting degradation of a natriuretic peptide, classified in class 424, subclass 9.2.
 - III. Claim 34, drawn to a pharmaceutical composition comprising one or more inhibitors of prolyl-specific DPP and one or more additional molecules, classified in class 424, subclass 130.1.

The inventions are distinct, each from the other because of the following reasons:

2. Inventions I and II are directed to related natriuretic peptides. The related inventions are distinct if the inventions as claimed do not overlap in scope, i.e., are mutually exclusive; the inventions as claimed are not obvious variants; and the inventions as claimed are either not capable of use together or can have a materially different design, mode of operation, function, or effect. See MPEP § 806.05(j). In the

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instant case, the inventions as claimed do not overlap in scope, are not obvious variants, and have a materially different mode of operation, function, and effect.

Group I is a method with the function and effect of assaying a sample in vitro to determine the presence of a specific natriuretic peptide, which is different from the function and effect of Group II. Group II is a method with the purpose of treating a subject in vivo by administering a specific inhibitor. Because the function and effect of the two groups are different, the modes of operation are also different. In Group I, the assaying method is performed using a specific binding partner coupled with a detection step and specific signal reduction requirements, which are not required limitations in Group II. In Group II, the administering method requires the step of supplying a subject with an inhibitor, which is not a required limitation of Group I. Furthermore, since Group I is directed towards an assaying method in an in vitro environment and Group II is directed towards a treating method in vivo, the two groups are not obvious variants and there is no overlap in scope.

3. Inventions I and III are unrelated. Inventions are unrelated if it can be shown that they are not disclosed as capable of use together and they have different designs, modes of operation, and effects (MPEP § 802.01 and § 806.06). In the instant case, the different inventions are not capable of use together and have different designs, modes of operation, and effects.

Group I is an assaying method for detecting the presence of natriuretic peptides in a sample, which is a completely different design and effect from the pharmaceutical

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compound of Group II. The pharmaceutical compound has the effect of inhibiting natriuretic peptides, but is not claimed as applied in the scope of an *in vitro* assaying test. Rather, the pharmaceutical compound is administered to a subject, which is a completely different mode of operation than the assay of Group I. Because of the difference in scope, the two groups are not capable of use together.

- 4. Inventions II and III are related as product and process of use. The inventions can be shown to be distinct if either or both of the following can be shown: (1) the process for using the product as claimed can be practiced with another materially different product or (2) the product as claimed can be used in a materially different process of using that product. See MPEP § 806.05(h). In the instant case the product as claimed can be used in the materially difference process of analyte detection in a competitive immunoassay test.
- 5. Because these inventions are independent or distinct for the reasons given above and have acquired a separate status in the art in view of their different classification, restriction for examination purposes as indicated is proper.

In addition, because these inventions are independent or distinct for the reasons given above and the inventions require a different field of search (see MPEP § 808.02), restriction for examination purposes as indicated is proper. Group I is directed towards in vitro assays, which requires searching in databases and references that would not necessarily include information on the *in vivo* environment required by Group II or the

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composition of the pharmaceutical compound in Group III. Group II is directed towards an administration of prolyl-specific DPP, which may not necessarily include the multi-component pharmaceutical compound of Group III. In addition, references that teach the composition of Group III may only disclose the process of making the composition and will not necessarily disclose a specific process of using that composition *in vivo*.

6. This application contains claims directed to the following patentably distinct species: BNP and ANP (Group I only).

In the event that Group I is elected, an election between the two species below is required:

- 1. BNP, claims 3, 12, 19, 36, and 39.
- 2. ANP, claims 4, 13, 20, 37, and 40.

The species are independent or distinct because BNP and ANP are structurally different peptides comprising different amino acid sequences.

Applicant is required under 35 U.S.C. 121 to elect a single disclosed species for prosecution on the merits to which the claims shall be restricted if no generic claim is finally held to be allowable. Currently, for Group I, claims 1-2, 5-11, 14-18, 21-28, 35, 38, and 41-42 are generic. Claims 3-4, 12-13, 19-20, 36-37, and 39-40 are subject to species election.

Applicant is advised that a reply to this requirement must include an identification of the species that is elected consonant with this requirement, and a listing of all claims

readable thereon, including any claims subsequently added. An argument that a claim is allowable or that all claims are generic is considered nonresponsive unless accompanied by an election.

Upon the allowance of a generic claim, applicant will be entitled to consideration of claims to additional species which depend from or otherwise require all the limitations of an allowable generic claim as provided by 37 CFR 1.141. If claims are added after the election, applicant must indicate which are readable upon the elected species.

MPEP § 809.02(a).

7. Applicant is advised that the reply to this requirement to be complete must include (i) an election of a species or invention to be examined even though the requirement be traversed (37 CFR 1.143) and (ii) identification of the claims encompassing the elected invention.

The election of an invention or species may be made with or without traverse. To reserve a right to petition, the election must be made with traverse. If the reply does not distinctly and specifically point out supposed errors in the restriction requirement, the election shall be treated as an election without traverse.

Should applicant traverse on the ground that the inventions or species are not patentably distinct, applicant should submit evidence or identify such evidence now of record showing the inventions or species to be obvious variants or clearly admit on the record that this is the case. In either instance, if the examiner finds one of the inventions

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unpatentable over the prior art, the evidence or admission may be used in a rejection under 35 U.S.C.103(a) of the other invention.

8. Applicant is reminded that upon the cancellation of claims to a non-elected invention, the inventorship must be amended in compliance with 37 CFR 1.48(b) if one or more of the currently named inventors is no longer an inventor of at least one claim remaining in the application. Any amendment of inventorship must be accompanied by a request under 37 CFR 1.48(b) and by the fee required under 37 CFR 1.17(i).

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Leon Y. Lum whose telephone number is (571) 272-2878. The examiner can normally be reached on weekdays from 8:00am-5:00pm.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Long Le can be reached on (571) 272-0823. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 571-273-8300.

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Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see http://pair-direct.uspto.gov. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free). If you would like assistance from a USPTO Customer Service Representative or access to the automated information system, call 800-786-9199 (IN USA OR CANADA) or 571-272-1000.

Leon Y. Lum Patent Examiner Art Unit 1641

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